

## Lesson Plan

**Name of Faculty** :- Visiting Faculty

**Discipline** :- Electrical Engineering

**Semester** :- 1st Semester

**Subject** :- Principle of Electrical Engineering

**Lesson Plan Duration** :- 13-14 Week

| Theory      |  | Practical     |  |
|-------------|--|---------------|--|
| Lecture Day | Topic  | Practical Day | Topic  |
| 1           | Introduction, Nature of Electricity, Electric current,   | 1             | <b>PRACTICAL-1</b><br>Familiarization of basic components/equipment like ammeter, voltmeter, watt meter, resistance, capacitor, inductor, energy meter, power factor meter, CRO, multi-meter etc and their operation, uses . |
| 2           | Electrical Energy, Electrical power and their unit.  |               |  |
| 3           | Resistance, conductivity and resistivity, resistance properties.   | 2             | <b>PRACTICAL-1</b><br>Familiarization of basic components/equipment like ammeter, voltmeter, watt meter, resistance, capacitor, inductor, energy meter, power factor meter, CRO, multi-meter etc and their operation, uses . |
| 4           | Rating and wattages of Electrical appliances, heating effect of Electrical current. Introduction to Capacitors, capacitance, Variable capacitor, Factors affecting capacitance of a capacitor and its various connections. |               |  |
| 5           | Factors affecting capacitance of a capacitor and its various connections.  | 3             | <b>PRACTICAL-2</b><br>Determine the value of resistance using colour coding method.  |
| 6           | Energy stored in capacitor, Charging and discharging of a capacitor.   |               |  |
| 7           | Charging and discharging of a capacitor.   | 4             | <b>PRACTICAL-3</b><br>Observation of change in resistance of a bulb in hot and cold conditions, using voltmeter and ammeter  |
| 8           | REVISION UNIT-1  |               |  |

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| 9  | Unit-2 DC Machines<br>Ohm's law with practical implementation.  | 5  | <b>PRACTICAL-4</b><br><br>To charge and discharge a capacitor and to show the graph on C.R.O.   |
| 10 | Definition of DC circuit, types of DC circuits  |    |   |
| 11 | Concept of voltage source & current source, connections and their conversions.                            | 6  | <b>PRACTICAL-5</b><br><br>Verification of laws of capacitors in series and parallel.  |
| 12 | Concept of voltage source & current source, connections and their conversions.                            |    |   |
| 13 | Wheatstone Bridge.  | 7  | <b>PRACTICAL-6</b><br><br>To verify ohm's law by drawing a graph between voltage and current  |
| 14 | Kirchhoff's Laws-KVL and KCL.   |    |   |
| 15 | Star – Delta connections and their conversion.  | 8  | <b>PRACTICAL-7</b><br><br>Verification of Kirchhoff's Current Law in a dc circuit.  |
| 16 | UNIT III Electrostatics & Magneto statics<br><br>Concepts of Electrostatics, Coulomb's law.               |    |   |
| 17 | Concept of magnetism, Magnetic field, Magnetic lines of force   | 9  | <b>PRACTICAL-7</b><br><br>Verification of Kirchhoff's Current Law in a dc circuit.  |
| 18 | Definition of Electromagnetism,   |    |   |
| 19 | Magnetic effect of electric current, direction of magnetic field and current.                             | 10 | <b>PRACTICAL-8</b><br><br>Verification of Kirchhoff's Voltage Laws in a dc circuit.   |
| 20 | Current carrying conductors in a magnetic field and methods to find its direction, applications           |    |   |
| 21 | Analogy between electric and magnetic circuit.  | 11 | <b>PRACTICAL-9</b><br>Measurement of current and voltage in series resistive circuit. Measurement of current and voltage in parallel resistive circuit. |
| 22 | UNIT IV Electro-Magnetic Induction<br>Determination of Ampere Turns, Series & parallel magnetic circuits, |    |   |
| 23 | Magnetic curve (B-H curve) - cause of Hysteresis, Hysteresis loss.  | 12 | <b>PRACTICAL-9</b><br>Measurement of current and voltage in series resistive circuit. Measurement of current and voltage in parallel resistive circuit. |

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| <b>24</b>    | Faraday's laws of electro-magnetic induction.  | <b>13</b> | <b>PRACTICAL-10</b><br>To find the ratio of inductance of a coil having air-core and iron-core respectively and to observe the effect of introduction of a magnetic core on coil inductance.  |
| <b>25</b>    | E.M.F induced in a conductor.<br>Energy stored in an Inductor,                               | <b>14</b> | <b>PRACTICAL-10</b><br><br>To find the ratio of inductance of a coil having air-core and iron-core respectively and to observe the effect of introduction of a magnetic core on coil inductance.  |
| <b>26</b>    | Eddy currents, Eddy current losses.  |           |   |
| <b>27</b>    | UNIT V Batteries<br>Electrolysis,  | <b>15</b> | <b>PRACTICAL-11</b><br><br>Verification of Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction   |
| <b>28</b>    | Faradays law of electrolysis, Concept of Cells, Concept of Batteries<br>Solution             |           |   |
| <b>29</b>    | Charging methods of storage battery and charging indications.<br>Characteristics of battery, | <b>16</b> | <b>PRACTICAL-12</b><br><br>To obtain BH curve of a magnetic material  |
| <b>30</b>    | Introduction to maintenance free batteries.  |           |   |
| <b>31</b>    | Disposal of batteries  | <b>17</b> | <b>PRACTICAL-13</b><br><br>Demonstration of parts of a battery and find the specific gravity of battery,<br>Demonstration of charging and discharging of Battery and measure the terminal voltage<br>During charging and discharging condition. |
| <b>32</b>    | Revision of Unit 1   |           |   |
| <b>33,34</b> | Revision of Unit 2   | <b>18</b> | <b>PRACTICAL-13</b><br><br>Demonstration of parts of a battery and find the specific gravity of battery,<br>Demonstration of charging and discharging of Battery and measure the terminal voltage<br>During charging and discharging condition. |
| <b>35,36</b> | Revision of Unit 3,4   |           |   |

## Lesson Plan

**Name of the Faculty :** Ms. Parul Trake  
**Discipline :** Electrical Engineering  
**Semester :** 1<sup>st</sup> Semester  
**Subject :** Fundamental of Information Technology  
**Lesson Plan Duration :** 13-14 Week

| Week | Theory      |  | Practical     |   |
|------|-------------|--|---------------|---|
|      | Lecture Day | Topic (including assignment / test)  | Practical Day | Topic   |
|      | 1           | Brief history of development of computers, Definition of Computer, Block diagram of a Computer, Hardware, Software, Booting: Cold and Hot Booting,   | 1             | Browser features, browsing, using various search engines, writing search queries.   |
|      | 2           | Interaction between the CPU and Memory with Input/Output devices, Function of CPU and major functional parts of CPU.   | 2             | Visit various e-governance/Digital India portals, understand their features, services offered.  |
|      | 3           | Memory, Bit, Nibble, Byte, KB, MB, GB, TB, PB, Functions of memory, Use of storage devices in a Computer, List types of memory used in a Computer, Importance of cache memory, CPU speed and CPU word length | 3             | . Read Wikipedia pages on computer hardware components, look at those components in lab, identify them, recognize various ports/interfaces and related cables, etc. |
|      | 4           | Understanding browser, Introduction to WWW, efficient use of search engines, awareness about Digital India portals (state and national portals) and college portals.   | 4             | Using Administrative Tools/Control Panel Settings of Operating Systems.   |
|      | 5           | Advantages of Email, Various email service providers, Creation of email id, sending and receiving emails   |               |   |
|      | 6           | attaching documents with email and drive. Effective use of Gmail, G-Drive, Google Calendar, Google Sites   |               |   |
|      | 7           | Google Sheets, Online mode of communication using Google Meet & WebEx  |               |   |
|      | 8           | Introduction to Programming, Steps involved in problem solving, Definition of Algorithm, Definition of Flowchart   |               |   |

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|  | 9  | Steps involved in algorithm development, differentiate algorithm and flowchart, symbols used in flowcharts  |  |  |
|  | 10 | algorithms for simple problems, flowcharts for simple problems  |  |  |
|  | 11 | Practice logic building using flowchart/algorithms  |  |  |
|  | 12 | Office Tools like LibreOffice/OpenOffice/MSOffice.  |  |  |
|  | 13 | OpenOffice Writer – Typesetting Text and Basic Formatting, Inserting Images, Hyperlinks, Bookmarks, Tables and Table Properties in Writer Introducing LibreOffice/OpenOffice Calc |  |  |
|  | 14 | Working with Cells, Sheets, data, tables, using formulae and functions, using charts and graphics.  |  |  |
|  | 15 | OpenOffice Impress – Creating and Viewing Presentations   |  |  |
|  | 16 | Inserting Pictures and Tables, Slide Master and Slide Design, Custom Animation.   |  |  |
|  | 17 | Introduction to Digital Marketing – Why Digital Marketing, Characteristics of Digital Marketing, Tools for Digital Marketing,   |  |  |
|  | 18 | Effective use of Social Media like LinkedIn, Google+, Facebook, Twitter, etc.: Features of Social media   |  |  |
|  | 19 | Advantages and Disadvantages of Social Media. Revision of important topics  |  |  |
|  | 20 | Class test  |  |  |

## Lesson Plan

**Name of the Faculty :** Mrs. Sharmila  
**Discipline :** Electrical Engineering  
**Semester :** 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester  
**Subject :** ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING MATERIALS

**Lesson Plan Duration :** 13-14 Week

| Week | Theory      |  | Practical     |       |
|------|-------------|--|---------------|-------|
|      | Lecture Day | Topic (including assignment / test)  | Practical Day | Topic |
|      | 1           | Classification of materials into conducting, Semi conducting   |               |       |
|      | 2           | Insulating materials. Atomic theory, Energy band theory. Classifications of materials on the basis of atomic structure and energy bands. Characteristics of materials.   |               |       |
|      | 3           | Types of conducting material such as low resistivity and high resistivity materials.   |               |       |
|      | 4,5         | Properties and applications of different low resistivity materials such as silver, Gold, copper (hard drawn, annealed copper), aluminum, steel, ACSR and its alloys like copper alloy (brass, bronze) etc.                     |               |       |
|      | 6,7         | Properties and applications of different high resistivity material such as carbon, tungsten, platinum, mercury, lead, and its alloys like Constantan or eureka, Brass phosphor bronze, nichrome, manganin, tin-lead alloy etc. |               |       |
|      | 8           | Semi-conductors Materials and their Applications,  |               |       |
|      | 9           | Commonly used semiconducting material Germanium and silicon and their properties. Types of Semiconductor etc.  |               |       |
|      | 10          | Characteristics of good Insulating material, Electrical, thermal, chemical, visual, mechanical   |               |       |
|      | 11          | Physical properties of Insulating materials. Types of Insulating materials. classification of insulating material on the basis of temperature  |               |       |
|      | 12          | Gaseous Insulating Materials: Properties and applications of air, nitrogen and sulphur hexafluoride (SF-6) gases   |               |       |
|      | 13          | Liquid Insulating Materials: Properties and applications of Mineral and Insulating oil for transformers (mineral oil), switchgears etc, synthetic insulating liquid (Pyranol).   |               |       |
|      | 14          | Solid Insulating Materials: Properties, types and applications of Plastics such as polyvinyl chloride (PVC), Polyethylene, polystyrene, epoxy resin, Bakelite, Melamines, silicon resins etc                                   |               |       |
|      | 15          | Natural Insulating materials, properties and their applications: Mica, asbestos, ceramic materials (porcelain and steatite)  |               |       |
|      | 16          | Glass, Cotton, Silk, Jute, Paper (dry and impregnated) Rubber, Bitumen   |               |       |
|      | 17          | Teflon, Silicon Grease , Insulating varnishes for coating and impregnation, Enamels for winding wires, wood etc  |               |       |

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|  | 18    | Characteristics and types of magnetic material, Properties of soft magnet material like Iron silicon alloy                                     |  |  |
|  | 19,20 | Nickel iron alloy, Mu metal, soft ferrites, grain orientation, Cold rolled grain oriented silicon steels (C.R.G.O) etc. and their applications |  |  |
|  | 21,22 | Properties of hard magnet material like Tungsten steel alloy, chromium steel, cobalt steel, Hard ferrites etc. and their applications.         |  |  |
|  | 23    | Cobalt steel, Hard ferrites etc. and their applications.   |  |  |
|  | 24    | Thermocouples, Bimetals, soldering, fuse, materials and their applications   |  |  |
|  | 25    | Material used in fabrications of electrical machines such as motors  |  |  |
|  | 26    | Generators, transformers etc   |  |  |
|  | 27    | Class Test   |  |  |
|  | 28,29 | Problems, Doubts & their solution  |  |  |
|  | 30    | Revision of important topics   |  |  |

## Lesson Plan

**Name of the Faculty :** Visiting Faculty  
**Discipline :** Electrical Engineering  
**Semester :** 3<sup>th</sup> Semester  
**Subject :** Analog and Digital Electronics  
**Lesson Plan Duration :** 13-14 Week

| Week | Theory      |  | Practical     |  |
|------|-------------|--|---------------|--|
|      | Lecture Day | Topic (including assignment / test)  | Practical Day | Topic  |
|      | 1           | Concept of insulators, conductors and semiconductors   | 1             | To Plot V-I characteristics of a PN junction diode, To Plot V-I characteristics of a Zener diode, Observe the output of waveform:  |
|      | 2           | Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductor  | 2             | Half-wave rectifier circuit using one diode, Full-wave rectifier circuit using two diodes  |
|      | 3           | P and N type semiconductor and their conductivity  | 3             | Observe the output of waveform of Bridge-rectifier circuit using four diodes.  |
|      | 4           | Effect of temperature on conductivity of intrinsic semiconductor   | 4             | Plotting of input and output characteristics and calculation of parameters of transistors in CE configuration.,<br>Plotting of input and output characteristics and calculation of parameters of transistors in CB configuration |
|      | 5           | PN junction diode, mechanism of current flow in PN junction  | 5             | To study weighing machine using load cell  |
|      | 6           | Forward and reverse biased PN junction, potential barrier  | 6             | Plotting of V-I characteristics of a FET   |
|      | 7           | Drift and diffusion currents, depletion layer  | 7             | Basic logic operations of AND, OR, NOT gates   |
|      | 8           | V-I characteristics of diodes  | 8             | Verification of truth tables for NAND, NOR and Exclusive OR (EX-OR) and Exclusive NOR (EX-NOR) gates   |
|      | 9, 10       | Diode as half-wave, full wave and bridge rectifiers, Peak Inverse Voltage, rectification efficiencies and ripple factor calculations | 9             | Realization of logic functions with the help of NAND or NOR gates.   |



|  |            |   |    |   |
|--|------------|---|----|---|
|  | 11         | Concept of filters,   | 10 | To design a half adder using XOR and NAND gates and verification of its operations.                         |
|  | 12         | Types of diodes, characteristics and applications of Zener diodes   | 11 | Construction of a full adder circuit using XOR and NAND gates and verify its operation                      |
|  | 13         | Concept of a bipolar transistor, PNP and NPN transistors, CB, CE, CC configurations of a transistor                       | 12 | Verification of truth table for IC flip-flops (At least one IC each of D latch, D flip-flop, JK flip-flops) |
|  | 14, 15, 16 | Transistor as an amplifier in CE Configuration, Current amplification factors, Comparison of CB, CE and CC Configurations | 13 | Verification of truth table for encoder and decoder ICs. Verification of truth table for Mux and De-Mux     |
|  | 17, 18     | Construction, operation and characteristics of FETs, FET as an amplifier  |    |   |
|  | 19         | Construction, operation and characteristics of a MOSFET, Comparison of JFET, MOSFET and BJT                               |    |   |
|  | 20         | Distinction between analog and digital signal. Decimal, Binary, octal and hexadecimal number system                       |    |   |
|  | 21, 22, 23 | Conversion from decimal and hexadecimal to binary and vice-versa, Binary addition and subtraction                         |    |   |
|  | 24,25      | Sequential Circuits such as Half adder, Full adder  |    |   |
|  | 26         | Mux, De-Mux, Encoder and Decoder  |    |   |
|  | 27,28      | Combinational Circuits like Latch, Flip Flops, shift registers and counters   |    |   |
|  | 29,30      | A/D and D/A Converters and its Applications   |    |   |

| LESSON PLAN                 |                         |   |                  |   |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|---|
| NAME OF FACULTY             | Mr. Mohd. Mohsin        |   |                  |   |
| DISCIPLINE                  | Electrical Engineering  |   |                  |   |
| SEMESTER                    | 3rd                     |   |                  |   |
| SUBJECT                     | Electrical Machines - I |   |                  |   |
| LESSON PLAN DURATION        | 14 week                 |   |                  |   |
| (LECTURE/<br>PRACTICAL<br>) | THEOR<br>Y-3            |   | PRACTICAL<br>- 4 |   |
| WEEK                        | THEOR<br>Y              |   | PRACTICAL        |   |
|                             | LECTURE DAY             | TOPIC   | PRACTICAL DAY    | TOPIC   |
| 1 <sup>st</sup>             | 1                       | Definition of motor and generator.  | 1                | Measurement of the angular displacement of the rotor of a slip-ring induction motor on application of DC to stator of motor winding in sequence and simultaneously to each phase of rotor winding |
|                             | 2                       | Concept of torque.  | 2                |   |
|                             | 3                       | Torque development due to alignment of two fields, concept of torque angle.                         | 3                |   |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup>             | 4                       | Electro-magnetically induced emf  | 4                | Measurement of the angular displacement of the rotor of a slip-ring induction motor on application of DC to stator of motor winding in sequence and simultaneously to each phase of rotor winding |
|                             | 5                       | Elementary concept of an electrical machine   | 5                |   |
|                             | 6                       | Main constructional features of DC machines. Comparison of generator and motor.                     | 6                |   |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup>             | 7                       | Function of the commutator for motoring action.   | 7                | Speed control of dc shunt motor (i) Armature control method (ii) Field control method   |
|                             | 8                       | Function of the commutator for generation action  | 8                |   |
|                             | 9                       | Factors determining induced emf, Factors determining the electromagnetic torque                     | 9                |   |
| 4 <sup>th</sup>             | 10                      | Types of dc generation on the basis of excitation.  | 10               | Speed control of dc shunt motor (i) Armature control method (ii) Field control method   |
|                             | 11                      | Significance of back e.m.f. voltage built up in a dc shunt generator.                               | 11               |   |
|                             | 12                      | the relation between back emf and Terminal voltage.   | 12               |   |
| 5 <sup>th</sup>             | 13                      | Assignment on Torque development due to alignment of two fields & Comparison of generator and motor | 13               | Study of dc series motor with starter (to operate the motor on no load for a moment)  |
|                             | 14                      | Armature Reaction, Commutation methods to improve commutation                                       | 14               |   |
|                             | 15                      | Performance of different types of DC motors characteristics of different types of DC motors         | 15               |   |
| 6 <sup>th</sup>             | 26                      | Speed control of dc shunt motors  | 16               | Study of dc series motor with starter (to operate the motor on no load for a moment)  |
|                             | 17                      | Speed control of dc series motors   | 17               |   |

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|-----------------|----|---|----|---|
|                 | 18 | Revision /test  | 18 |   |
| 7 <sup>th</sup> | 19 | Need of starter, 4-point starter dc shunt motor                                       | 19 | Study of 3 point starter for starting D.C. shunt motor. |
|                 | 20 | Three point dc shunt motor starter, Applications of DC motors, Losses in a DC machine | 20 |   |
|                 | 21 | Determination of losses by Swinburne's test   | 21 |   |

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| 8 <sup>th</sup>  | 22 | Transformers (single phase) Introduction, Constructional features of a transformer and parts of transformer  | 22 | Study of 3 point starter for starting D.C. shunt motor.  |
|                  | 23 | Working principle of a transformer, EMF equation   | 23 |  |
|                  | 24 | Transformer on no-load   | 24 |  |
| 9 <sup>th</sup>  | 25 | Phasor diagram of Transformer  | 25 | To perform open circuit and short circuit test for determining: (i) equivalent circuit (ii) the regulation and (iii) efficiency of a transformer from the data obtained from open circuit and short circuit test at full load                                |
|                  | 26 | Transformer – neglecting voltage drop in the windings, Transformer – Ampere turn balance   | 26 |  |
|                  | 27 | Transformer – neglecting voltage drop in the windings – Ampere turn balance – its phasor diagram   | 27 |  |
| 10 <sup>th</sup> | 28 | Mutual and leakage fluxes, leakage reactance   | 28 | To perform open circuit and short circuit test for determining: (i) equivalent circuit (ii) the regulation and (iii) efficiency of a transformer from the data obtained from open circuit and short circuit test at full load                                |
|                  | 29 | Assignment on transformer, Transformer on load, voltage drops, its phasor diagram Equivalent circuit   | 29 |  |
|                  | 30 | Revision/test  | 30 |  |
| 11 <sup>th</sup> | 31 | Relation between induced emf and terminal voltage  | 31 | To find the efficiency and regulation of single phase transformer by actually loading it.  |
|                  | 32 | regulation of a transformer and its mathematical relation  | 32 |  |
|                  | 33 | Losses in a transformer, Open circuit and short circuit test.  | 33 |  |
| 12 <sup>th</sup> | 34 | Calculation of efficiency, condition for maximum efficiency.   | 34 | To find the efficiency and regulation of single phase transformer by actually loading it.  |
|                  | 35 | maintenance of Transformer, scheduled Maintenance  | 35 |  |
|                  | 36 | Auto transformer construction, Auto transformer saving of copper.  | 36 |  |
| 13 <sup>th</sup> | 37 | Auto transformer working and applications  | 37 | Checking the polarity of the windings of a three phase transformer and connecting the windings in various configurations.  |
|                  | 38 | Different types of transformers including dry type transformer   | 38 |  |
|                  | 39 | Construction of three phase transformers, accessories of transformers such as Conservator, breather, Buchholz Relay, Tap Changer (off load and on load) (Brief idea) | 39 |  |
| 14 <sup>th</sup> | 40 | Types of three phase transformer i.e. delta-delta, delta-star, star-delta and star-star  | 40 | Finding the voltage and current relationships of primary and secondary of a three phase transformer under balanced load in various configurations conditions such as<br>• Star-star<br>• Stardelta<br>• Deltastar<br>• Delta - Delta configuring conditions. |
|                  | 41 | Conditions for parallel operation (only conditions are to be studied)  | 41 |  |
|                  | 42 | Transformers three phase On load tap changer, power transformer distribution transformer   | 42 |  |

## **Lesson Plan**

**Name of Faculty:** Mr. Parmod Kumar  
**Discipline:** Electrical Engineering  
**Semester:** 3rd Semester  
**Subject:** Electrical Engineering Drawing  
**Lesson Plan Duration:** 13-14 Week

| <b>Practical Day</b> | <b>Topic</b>   |
|----------------------|--|
| 1                    | Unit 1 : Electrical Symbols used in Electrical installation  |
| 2                    | Drawing sheet1: Design and Drawing of panels/Distribution board using MCB, ELCB main switches and change over switches |
| 3                    | Drawing sheet2: Design and Drawing of panels/Distribution board using MCB, ELCB main switches and change over switches |
| 4                    | Unit 2 : DOL starting of 3-phase induction motor   |
| 5                    | 3-phase induction motor getting supply from selected feeder  |
| 6                    | Forwarding/reversing of a 3-phase induction motor  |
| 7                    | Two speed control of 3-phase induction motor   |
| 8                    | Sequential operating of two motors using time delay relay  |
| 9                    | Manually generated star delta starter for 3-phase induction motor  |
| 10                   | Automatic star delta starter for 3-phase Induction Motor   |
| 11                   | Draw the wiring diagram of battery and inverter connected to residential load.   |
| 12                   | Draw the wiring diagram of standalone solar light system with battery for a residential house                          |
| 13                   | Draw the wiring diagram of solar water heating system.   |
| 14                   | Key diagram of 11kV, 33kV  |
| 15                   | Key diagram of 66kV sub-stations   |
| 16                   | Key diagram of 132 kV sub-stations   |
| 17                   | Draw pipe Earthling.   |
| 18                   | Draw plate Earthling.  |
| 19                   | Bus bar post.  |
| 20                   | Kit Kat Fuse.  |
| 21                   | Pin type insulator (Pin Type 11kV)   |
| 22                   | Pin type insulator (Pin Type 66kV)   |
| 23                   | Rotor of a squirrel cage induction motor   |
| 24                   | Stator of 3 phase Induction motor (Sectional View)   |
| 25                   | Revision   |
| 26                   | Revision   |
| 27                   | Revision   |
| 28                   | Revision   |

## Lesson Plan

**Name of the Faculty :** Mrs. Sharmila  
**Discipline :** Electrical Engineering  
**Semester :** 5<sup>th</sup> Semester  
**Subject :** ELECTRICAL POWER –I

**Lesson Plan Duration :** 13-14 Week

| Week | Theory      |   | Practical   |       |
|------|-------------|---|---|-------|
|      | Lecture Day | Topic (including assignment / test)   | Practical Day   | Topic |
|      | 1,2         | Main resources of energy, Conventional and non-conventional   | 1.To measure earth resistance with the help of earth resistance tester.   |       |
|      | 3,4         | Different types of power stations, thermal, hydro, gas  | 2. To study different types of line insulators, line support.   |       |
|      | 5           | Diesel and nuclear power stations   | 3.Visit a power generation plant to study its major parts, working and prepare detail report.   |       |
|      | 6,7         | Flow diagrams and brief details of their operation, Comparison of the generating stations on the basis of running cost, site, starting, maintenance | 4. Visit a 400kV/220kV/132kV transmission line and make list of all components viz line supports, conductors, insulators and other accessories and prepare detail report. |       |
|      | 8,9         | Importance of non-conventional sources of energy in the present scenario, Brief details of solar energy, bio-energy, wind energy                    | 5.Visit to a 66kV/33kV/11kV/415V/230V distribution line make list of all components viz line  |       |
|      | 10          | Fixed and running cost, Load estimation, load curves, demand factor   | 6.To determine experimentally flash over voltage of transformer oil and hence determine the dielectric strength   |       |

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|  | 11     | Load factor, diversity factor, power factor and their effect on cost of generation, simple problems there on   | 7.To measure the rating of capacitor bank installed in a sub-station for improving power factor   |  |
|  | 12     | Base load and peak load power stations, inter-connection of power stations and its advantages, concept of regional and national grid                                       | 8.Study of Indian Electricity rules as per BIS standard related to clearance of overhead transmission and distribution lines                                |  |
|  | 13     | Layout of transmission system, selection of voltage for H.T and L.T lines, advantages of high voltage for Transmission of power in both AC and DC                          | 9.Draw a layout diagram of 11kV/400V substation installed in the campus and make list of all accessories  |  |
|  | 14     | Comparison of different systems: AC versus DC for power transmission   | 10.To find fault in underground cables by Murray Loop Test/ Varley Loop Test.   |  |
|  | 15     | Conductor material and sizes from standard tables  | 11.Study of data related to conductors of different sizes/types for overhead lines as per IS 398.   |  |
|  | 16     | Types of supports, types of insulators   | 12.Visit to a distribution substation to study layout of major components and types of Feeders, Distributors and Service Mains and prepare detailed report. |  |
|  | 17     | Types of conductors, Selection of insulators, conductors, earth wire and their accessories   |   |  |
|  | 18,19, | Transposition of conductors and string efficiency of suspension type insulators, Bundle Conductors, Mechanical features of line: Importance of sag, calculation of sag     |   |  |
|  | 20     | Effects of wind and ice related problems; Indian electricity rules pertaining to clearance   |   |  |
|  | 21     | Electrical features of line: Calculation of resistance inductance and capacitance without derivation in a.c. transmission line, voltage regulation, and concept of corona. |   |  |
|  | 22     | Effects of corona and remedial measures, Transmission Losses, Lay out of HT and LT distribution system   |   |  |

|  |    |   |  |  |
|--|----|---|--|--|
|  | 23 | Constructional feature of distribution lines and their erection, LT feeders and service mains; Simple problems on AC radial distribution system, determination of size of conductor                 |  |  |
|  | 24 | Preparation of estimates of HT and LT lines (OH and Cables).  |  |  |
|  | 25 | Constructional features of LT (400 V), HT (11 kV) underground cables, advantages and disadvantages of underground system with respect to overhead system  |  |  |
|  | 26 | Calculation of losses in distribution system , Faults in underground cables-determine fault location by Murray Loop Test, Faults in underground cables-determine fault location by Murray Loop Test |  |  |
|  | 27 | Varley Loop Test  |  |  |
|  | 28 | Varley Loop Test, Brief idea about substations; out door grid sub-station 220/132 KV, 66/33 KV out door substation  |  |  |
|  | 29 | Pole mounted substations and indoor substation, layout of 33/11 and kV/400V distribution substation and various auxiliaries and equipment associated with it  |  |  |
|  | 30 | Concept of power factor, Reasons and disadvantages of low power factor  |  |  |
|  | 31 | Methods for improvement of power factor using capacitor banks, VAR Static Compensator (SVC)   |  |  |
|  | 32 | Revision of Topics already covered  |  |  |

## Lesson Plan

**Name of the Faculty :** Ms. Parul Trake  
**Discipline :** Electrical Engineering  
**Semester :** 5<sup>th</sup> Semester  
**Subject :** IECD  
**Lesson Plan Duration :** 13-15 Week

| Week | Theory      |   | Practical     |   |
|------|-------------|---|---------------|---|
|      | Lecture Day | Topic (including assignment / test)   | Practical Day | Topic   |
|      | 1           | Classification of Thyristors  | 1             | To draw V-I characteristics of an SCR.  |
|      | 2,3,4       | Construction, working principle and V-I characteristics of SCR, DIAC, TRIAC   | 2             | To draw V-I characteristics of a TRIAC.   |
|      | 5           | Two transistor analogy of SCR   | 3             | To draw V-I characteristics of a DIAC.  |
|      | 6           | Selection of heat sinks for Thyristors  | 4             | To draw uni-junction transistor characteristics.  |
|      | 7,8         | Methods of triggering a Thyristor and their types, dv/dt and di/dt protection.  | 5             | To observe the output wave shape of an UJT relaxation oscillator.                             |
|      | 9           | Commutation of Thyristors.  | 6             | To observe the output waves shape on CRO of Single phase half controlled full wave rectifier. |
|      | 10, 11      | UJT: Construction, working principles and V-I characteristics. UJT as a relaxation oscillator   | 7             | To observe the output wave shape on CRO of Single phase full controlled full wave rectifier.  |
|      | 12,13       | Applications of SCR, DIACS and TRIACS such as light intensity control, speed control of DC and universal motor, fan regulator ,battery charger etc. | 8             | Illumination control circuit using SCR/TRIAC and observe the wave shape across load.          |
|      | 14,15       | Single phase half wave controlled rectifier with resistive load and inductive load, concept of freewheeling diode.                                  | 9             | Speed-control of a DC shunt motor or universal motor using SCR/TRIAC.                         |
|      | 16          | Single phase half controlled full wave rectifier.   | 10            | Fan speed regulator using TRIAC.  |
|      | 17          | Single phase full controlled full wave rectifier, Single phase full wave centre tapped rectifier.   | 11            | To study the Construction of battery charger using Thyristor.                                 |
|      | 18          | Three phase full wave half controlled   | 12            | Testing and Installation of UPS.  |



|  |          |   |  |  |
|--|----------|---|--|--|
|  |          | bridge rectifier, Three phase full wave fully controlled bridge rectifier.  |  |  |
|  | 19,20    | Inverters: Introduction, working principle, voltage and current driven, series and parallel inverters and applications. |  |  |
|  | 21,22,23 | Choppers: Introduction, types of choppers and their working principle and applications.                                 |  |  |
|  | 24,25    | Dual converters: Introduction, working principle and applications.  |  |  |
|  | 26, 27   | Cyclo-converters: Introduction, types, working principle and applications.  |  |  |
|  | 28       | Concept of electric drive, Advantages of Electric drives.   |  |  |
|  | 29, 30   | DC drives control: Half wave drives, Full wave drives, Chopper drives.  |  |  |
|  | 31, 32   | AC drives control: Phase control, Variable frequency a.c. drives, Constant V/f control                                  |  |  |
|  | 33       | Cyclo convertors controlled AC drives.  |  |  |
|  | 34, 35   | Concept of Electric Braking for AC Drive.   |  |  |
|  | 36,37    | Uninterrupted Power supply (UPS): Working Principle of Online and off Line UPS.   |  |  |
|  | 38       | Switch mode Power Supply (SMPS): Working Principle and use.   |  |  |
|  | 39       | Power Converter for Electrical Vehicle charging.  |  |  |
|  | 40       | Power Converter for Renewable Energy: solar and wind.   |  |  |
|  | 41       | Revision of Topics already covered  |  |  |
|  | 42       | Class Test  |  |  |
|  | 43       | Problems, Doubts & their solution   |  |  |
|  | 44       | Revision of important topics  |  |  |
|  | 45       | Revision of important topics  |  |  |

